# KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA GACHIBOWLI, HYDERABAD <br> SAMPLE PAPER 02 : PERIODIC TEST - 1 (2019-20) <br> CLASS - X <br> MATHEMATICS 

## T.T. 1:30

M.M. 40

## General Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Question paper is divided into four sections: Section A contains 10 Objective type questions each carry 1 mark, Section B contains 3 questions each carry 2 marks, Section C contains 4 questions each carry 3 marks and Section D contains 3 questions each carry 4 marks.

## SECTION - A(1 mark each)

1. The HCF of two numbers is 23 and their LCM is 1449 . If one of the numbers is 161 , then the other number is
(a) 23
(b) 207
(c) 1449
(d) none of these
2. Euclid's division lemma state that for any positive integers a and $b$, there exist unique integers q and r such that $\mathrm{a}=\mathrm{bq}+\mathrm{r}$ where r must satisfy
(a) $1<r<b$
(b) $0<r \leq b$
(c) $0 \leq r<b$
(d) $0<r<b$
3. A quadratic polynomial whose zeroes are 1 and -3 is
(a) $x^{2}-2 x-3$
(b) $x^{2}+2 x-3$
(c) $x^{2}-2 x+3$
(d) none of the above.
4. If $\alpha, \beta$ are the zeroes of the polynomials $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\mathrm{x}^{2}+5 \mathrm{x}+8$, then $\alpha \cdot \beta$
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) -1
(d) none of these
5. The 4th term of an AP is 14 and its 12 th term is 70 . What is its first term?
(a) -10
(b) -7
(c) 7
(d) 10
6. Which term of the AP $4,9,14,19, \ldots$. is 109 ?
(a) 14 th
(b) 18 th
(c) 22 nd
(d) 16th
7. The value of $k$ for which $x=-2$ is a root of the quadratic equation $k x^{2}+x-6=0$
(a) -1
(b) -2
(c) 2
(d) $-\frac{3}{2}$
8. Which of the following is not a quadratic equation?
(a) $x-\frac{3}{x}=4$
(b) $3 x-\frac{5}{x}=x^{2}$
(c) $x+\frac{1}{x}=3$
(d) $x^{2}-3=4 x^{2}-4 x$
9. The value of $k$ for which the system of equations $k x-y=2$ and $6 x-2 y=3$ has a unique solution is
(a) $\mathrm{k}=-3$
(b) $\mathrm{k} \neq-3$
(c) $\mathrm{k}=0$
(d) $k \neq 0$
10. If a pair of equation is inconsistent, then the lines will be
(a) parallel
(b) always coincident
(c) always intersecting
(d) intersecting or coincident

## SECTION - B(2 marks each)

11. Find the zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $3 x^{2}-x-4$.
12. Find the 10 th term from the last term of the AP : $8,10,12, \ldots, 126$.
13. Find the HCF and LCM of 6,72 and 120 , using the prime factorisation method.

## SECTION - C(3 marks each)

14. Solve for $x$ and $y: 7 x-15 y=2$ and $x+2 y=3$
15. Prove that $\sqrt{ } 2$ is an irrational number.
16. If the sum of first 7 terms of $A P$ is 49 and that of first 17 terms is 289 , find the sum of first $n$ terms.
17. Find the roots of the equation $2 x^{2}-5 x+3=0$, by using quadratic formula.

## SECTION - D(4 marks each)

18. Draw the graphs of the equations $5 x-y=5$ and $3 x-y=3$. Determine the co-ordinates of the vertices of the triangle formed by these lines and the $y$ axis.
19. A train travels 360 km at a uniform speed. If the speed had been $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ more, it would have taken 1 hour less for the same journey. Find the speed of the train.
20. Find all the zeroes of $2 x^{4}-3 x^{3}-3 x^{2}+6 x-2$, if you know that two of its zeroes are $\sqrt{ } 2$ and $-\sqrt{2}$.
